Department of the Interior U.S. Geological Survey

LANDSAT MULTISPECTRAL SCANNER (MSS) LEVEL 1 (L1) DATA FORMAT CONTROL BOOK (DFCB)

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February 2018

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Executive Summary

This Data Format Control Book (DFCB) presents detailed data formats of the Multispectral Scanner (MSS) output files that the Level 1 (L1) Product Generation System (LPGS) generates. These L1 processing systems produce L1 output files using Level 0 Reformatted (L0R) images as input. The standard output format used to generate images from the LPGS is the Geographic Tagged Image File Format (GeoTIFF) format.

The Landsat Operations and Sustaining (O&S) Configuration Control Board (CCB) maintains and controls this DFCB. Staff may update or revise this document only upon Landsat O&S CCB approval. Please direct comments and questions regarding this DFCB to the following:

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Section 1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This Data Format Control Book (DFCB) provides a high-level description of the Landsat Multispectral Scanner (MSS) Level 1 (L1) distribution product, output product packaging, and viewing tools. This document outlines Landsat 1-5 MSS data products. The different MSS data types include Multispectral Scanner–Processed Format (MSS-P), Multispectral Scanner–X Format (MSS-X), and Multispectral Scanner–A Format (MSS-A).

1.2 Scope

This DFCB describes the format and data contents of the MSS L1 output files. The output format generated by the Level 1 Product Generation System (LPGS) for distribution is the Geographic Tagged Image File Format (GeoTIFF).

The file formats contained in this DFCB are applicable to the LPGS-generated product, operated at the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Earth Resources Observation and Science (EROS) Center.

1.3 Intended Users

This document is intended as a guide for L1 product recipients. It provides detailed information on L1 product packaging.

1.4 Definitions

Level 0 Reformatted Archive (L0Ra) product - Raw Computer Compatible (RCC) data that have been reformatted to support data production and includes individual band, browse data, a Mirror Scan Correction Data (MSCD) file, a Payload Correction Data (PCD) file, and Scene Metadata

Level 0 Reformatted Product (L0Rp) digital image - Spatially reformatted, demultiplexed, and unrectified scene data

LORp product - LORp digital image plus radiometric, calibration, spacecraft attitude, and ephemeris data, consisting of the following files in Hierarchical Data Format (HDF):

- L0Rp digital image (one file per band)
- Internal Calibrator (IC) data Calibration data file containing all of the calibration data received on a major frame basis subset to the product size ordered
- MSCD Scan direction and error information subset to the product size ordered
- PCD Information on spacecraft attitude and ephemeris, including quality indicators for the entire subinterval from which the product is derived
- Metadata Descriptive information about the LORp image and names of appended files associated with the image
- Calibration Parameter File (CPF) A formatted file containing radiometric and geometric correction parameters

- Scan Line Offsets (SLO) Information on actual starting and ending pixel positions for valid image data on a line-by-line basis
- Geolocation table File containing scene corner coordinates and product-specific scene line numbers for bands
- HDF directory File containing all of the pointers, file size information, and data objects required to process the L0Rp product
- Annotation file Contains the tic marks required for mapping scene-based u,v coordinates to projection space

Level 1 Radiometric Corrected (L1R) digital image - Radiometrically corrected but not geometrically resampled

Level 1 Systematic Corrected (L1GS) digital image - Radiometrically corrected and resampled for geometric correction and registration to a geographic map projection

L1GS product - L1 product distributed to the customer that includes, for all bands, a GeoTIFF format L1GS image and associated data accommodated by the format

Level 1 Terrain Corrected (L1TP) product - Includes radiometric, geometric, and precision correction, and uses a DEM to correct parallax error due to local topographic relief. The accuracy of the terrain-corrected product depends on the availability of Ground Control Points (GCPs) and the resolution of the best available Digital Elevation Model (DEM).

Worldwide Reference System (WRS) scene - A global-notation system for Landsat data. The WRS indexes orbits (paths) and scene centers (rows) into a global grid system. The path / row notation was originally employed to provide a standard designator for every nominal scene center and to allow straightforward referencing without using longitude and latitude coordinates.

The WRS system design is tied to orbital parameters such as inclination and mean motion; thus, swathing patterns and repeat cycles are different if these orbital parameters are different. Because Landsats 1-3 orbit on an 18-day repeat cycle, and Landsats 4, 5, 7, and 8 orbit on a 16-day repeat cycle, each set completes a different number of orbits before covering the same area on Earth. This difference in repeat cycles is the impetus for the difference in the number of paths between the WRS-1 and WRS-2.

WRS-1, used for Landsats 1-3, divides the Earth into 251 paths and 248 rows, for a total of 62,248 scenes. Each WRS-1 scene represents approximately 25 seconds of flight. WRS-2, used for Landsats 4, 5, 7, and 8, divides the Earth into 233 paths by 248 rows. The WRS-2 structure defines 57,784 scene centers, each translating to approximately 24 seconds of flight.

1.5 Level 0 (L0) Pre-Archive Processing

A basic knowledge of pre-archive ground processing enables the user to better understand the L1 product.

The L0 data format contains wideband data processed from the Landsats 1-5 spacecraft. The L0 format is the standard output format of the Landsat Archive Conversion System (LACS) and Multispectral Scanner – X Format Archive Conversion System (MACS). The LACS and MACS output conforms to the L0 format that the USGS uses. This format supports multiple data types for the MSS sensor, including MSS-P, MSS-X, and MSS-A.

The archived MSS data are processed through an "MSS formatter" to make the format similar to that of Landsat 7 Enhanced Thematic Mapper Plus (ETM+) and Landsat 4 / Landsat 5 Thematic Mapper (TM). This makes the data format consistent among the different MSS data types (P, X, and A), compatible with the L1 processing systems, and easier to work with for those already familiar with the ETM+ and TM L0Rp formats. Although archived MSS data have often been geometrically and/or radiometrically corrected to some degree, this reformatted product is referred to as "MSS L0Rp" because of its similarities to other L0Rp data sets (with respect to format and role as input to L1 processing).

The MSS L0Rp format consists of a Hierarchical Data Format Version 4 (HDF4) data set composed of several files (an HDF catalog file, four image band files, and a variable number of metadata files, based on the MSS data type). It also includes a CPF.

Section 2 Overview of the L1 Output Files

This section provides an overview of the L1 output files.

2.1 L1GS / L1TP Output Files Overview

The L1GS digital image is radiometrically and geometrically corrected, and is available in GeoTIFF format. The L1TP product includes radiometric, geometric, and precision correction, and uses a DEM to correct parallax error due to local topographic relief. The processing level to which an image is generated is determined by the best available level for that particular scene, based on available DEM and GCPs for precision modeling.

The on-demand L1 products available for download at no charge are generated using a standard set of parameters. These products are output using the best available processing level for that particular scene (L1GS or L1TP). The processing parameters and output product details used for all standard products are as follows:

•	Pixel Size	60 meter (m)
٠	Output Format	GeoTIFF
•	Resampling Method	Cubic Convolution (CC)
•	Map Projection	Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM)
		Polar Stereographic (PS) for Antarctica scenes
٠	Datum	World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS84)
•	Image Orientation	Map (North Up (NUP))
•	Distribution	Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS) download

Table 2-1 details the MSS L1 product components included with each format. The number of bands and optional data files that the user orders determines the number of components included with a specific product.

Component	L1GS	L1TP
L1 image file (for each band)	Х	Х
L1 MTL file (text [.txt] file)	Х	Х
GCP file (text [.txt] file)		Х
Three Band Verification Browse Image (JPEG [.jpg] file)		Х
Geometric Verification Statistics file (text [.txt] file)		Х
Quality Assessment (QA) Band file	Х	Х

Table 2-1. GeoTIFF Product Components

- 4 -

2.2 Naming Convention

The file-naming convention for the GeoTIFF product is as follows:

<LANDSAT_PRODUCT_ID>_BN.XXX, where LANDSAT_PRODUCT_ID is LXSS_LLLL_PPPRRR_YYYDDMM_yyyymmdd_CC_QQ, where

L = Land X = Sensor: M = MSS		
X M = MSS		
M = MSS		
)	
= Satellite:		
01 = Lan	dsat 1	
SS 02 = Lan	dsat 2	
03 = Lan	dsat 3	
04 = Lan	dsat 4	
05 = Lan	dsat 5	
LLLL = Processi	ng Level (L1TP, L1GS)	
PPP = Three-dig	git WRS path	
RRR = Three-dig	git WRS row	
YYYYMMDD = Acquisition	on Year (YYYY) / Month (MM) / Day (DD)	
	ng Year (yyyy) / Month (mm) / Day (dd)	
	n Number	
Collectio	n Category:	
RT = Re		
QQ = T1 = Tier	1 (stackable)	
T2 = Tier	2 (non-stackable)	
BN = Product (Product Component:	
B1 = Bar	nd 1	
B2 = Bar	nd 2	
B3 = Bar	B3 = Band 3	
B4 = Bar	nd 4	
B5 = Bar	nd 5	
B6 = Bar	nd 6	
B7 = Bar	nd 7	
BQA = Q	uality Band	
GCP = G	CP File	
VER = V	erification File	
MTL = M	etadata File	
XXX = File type		
= TIF file	extension for all image data	
	= jpg file extension for the verification browse	
= txt file o	= txt file extension for GCP, VER, and Metadata	
(MTL) file	es	

Table 2-2. GeoTIFF Product Naming Convention

Section 3 Data Format Definition

This section describes the storage format for the data.

3.1 GeoTIFF File Formats

GeoTIFF defines a set of public domain Tagged Image File Format (TIFF) tags that describe all cartographic and geodetic information associated with GeoTIFF imagery. GeoTIFF is a means for tying a raster image to a known model space or map projection and for describing those projections. A metadata format provides geographic information to associate with the image data, but the TIFF file structure allows both the metadata and the image data to encode into the same file.

3.1.1 L1 Image File

The description of an image in GeoTIFF requires tags and keys as described in the GeoTIFF Specification document (see References). The L1 image files include these tags and keys, which TIFF readers automatically detect and read. The following sections describe the tags and keys.

Each Earth image band in the requested product is contained in a separate file, as is the optionally available DEM data file. The data are laid out in a scan line sequential format in descending detector order (e.g., detector 6 followed by detector 5 and so forth for the 60 m bands). The L1GS image is radiometrically corrected and resampled for geometric correction and registration to geographic map projections. The L1TP image is radiometrically, geometrically, and precision corrected, and uses a DEM to correct parallax error due to local topographic relief.

3.1.1.1 GeoTIFF Tags

TIFF tags convey metadata information about the image. The tags describe the image with information that the TIFF reader needs to control the appearance of the image on the user's screen. The TIFF tags are in the same file as the TIFF image.

A complete description of the raster data requires georeferencing of the data, which uses tags. Landsat L1 production systems use the transformation raster, model space tie points, and scaling parameters. MoselTiepointTag and MoselPixelScaleTag are used for this purpose.

MoselTiepointTag

Tag = 33922Type = DOUBLE N = 6^{K} , K = Number of tiepoints Alias: GeoreferenceTag Owner: Intergraph

The MoselTiepointTag stores the raster-to-model tiepoint pairs in order.

MoselTiepointTag = (..., I, J, K, X, Y, Z...),

where (I, J, K) is the point at location (I, J) in raster space with pixel-value K, and (X, Y, Z) is a vector in model space.

The raster image is georeferenced by specifying its location, size, and orientation in the model coordinate space. Because the relationship between the raster space and the model space often is an exact, affine transformation, the relationship can be defined using one set of tiepoints and the MoselPixelScaleTag, which gives the vertical and horizontal raster grid cell size.

MoselPixelScaleTag

Tag = 33550 Type = DOUBLE N = 3 Owner: SoftDesk

The MoselPixelScaleTag specifies the size of raster pixel spacing in the model space units when the raster space can be embedded in the model space coordinate system without rotation. The MoselPixelScaleTag consists of the following three values:

MoselPixelScaleTag = (ScaleX, ScaleY, ScaleZ)

where ScaleX and ScaleY give the horizontal and vertical spacing of raster pixels, and ScaleZ maps the pixel value of a DEM into the correct Z-scale. ScaleZ is not used for L1GS data because it is only systematically corrected and not corrected for elevation.

A single tiepoint in the MoselTiepointTag, together with the MoselPixelScaleTag, completely determines the relationship between raster and model space.

3.1.1.2 GeoTIFF Keys

In addition to tags, the description of a projection in GeoTIFF requires using keys. Table 3-1 lists the keys necessary to define the projections supported by the L1 production systems and the possible values of the keys.

Valid Keys	Possible Values	Meaning			
UTM					
GTModelTypeGeoKey	1	ModelTypeProjected (Projection Coordinate System)			
GTRasterTypeGeoKey	1 2	RasterPixellsArea RasterPixellsPoint			
GTCitationGeoKey	(ASCII, 17)	American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) reference to public documentation			
GeogLinearUnitsGeoKey	9001	Linear_Meter			
GeogeniearoniisGeokey	9002	Linear_Foot			
GeogAngularUnitsGeoKey	9102	Angular_Degree			
ProjectedCSTypeGeoKey	20000 - 32760	European Petroleum Survey Group (EPSG) Projection System Codes			
	32767	User-defined			
	PS				
ProjCoordTransGeoKey	15	CT_PolarStereographic			
GTModelTypeGeoKey 1		ModelTypeProjected (Projection Coordinate System)			
OTDesterTure OeeKeu	1	RasterPixellsArea			
GTRasterTypeGeoKey	2	RasterPixellsPoint			
GTCitationGeoKey	(ASCII, 17)	ASCII reference to public documentation			
GeographicTypeGeoKey	4326	GCS_WGS_84			
	9001	Linear_Meter			
GeogLinearUnitsGeoKey	9002	Linear_Foot			
GeogAngularUnitsGeoKey	9102	Angular_Degree			
	20000 - 32760	EPSG Projection System Codes			
ProjectedCSTypeGeoKey	32767	User-defined			
ProjectionGeoKey	10000 - 19999	EPSG / Petrotechnical Open Software Corporation (POSC) Projection Codes			
	32767	User-defined			
Proil incort IniteGeoKov	9001	Linear_Meter			
ProjLinearUnitsGeoKey	9002	Linear_Foot			
ProjStraightVertPoleLongGeoKey		Value in units of GeogAngularUnits			
ProjNatOriginLatGeoKey		Value in units of GeogAngularUnits			
ProjFalseNorthingGeoKey		Value entered in units of ProjLinearUnits			
ProjFalseEastingGeoKey		Value entered in units of ProjLinearUnits			

Table 3-1. GeoTIFF Keys

3.1.2 Quality Assessment (QA) Band File

The QA band contains quality statistics gathered from the image data and cloud mask information for the scene. The QA band file is an unsigned 16-bit image with the same dimensions as the L1 scene. Bit 0 is the least significant. Bits are allocated for data artifacts and several land surface classification types. A range of confidence levels are provided for each classification type.

The bit confidence levels are as follows:

- 00 Criteria not checked
- 01 Criteria not likely to exist
- 10 Not used at this time

- 11 Criteria likely to exist
- 0 Criteria not likely to exist or not checked
- 1 Criteria likely to exist

Bit	Flag Description	Values
0	Designated Fill	0 or 1 Not checked
1	Dropped Pixel	0 Not likely to exist
		1 Likely to exist
2-3	Radiometric Saturation	00 Not checked
		01 Not likely to exist
		11 Likely to exist
4	Cloud	0 Not likely to exist
		1 Likely to exist
5-6	Cloud Confidence	00 Not checked
		01 Not likely to exist
		11 Likely to exist
7-15		Unused

Table 3-2. QA Bit Description

3.1.3 L1 Metadata (MTL) Files

The MTL file is created during product generation and contains information specific to the product ordered. Table 3-3 lists the full contents of the MTL file. This file contains all applicable image description information from the LORp MTL file. The MTL file complies with LSDS-524 Landsat Metadata Description Document (LMDD) (see References).

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
GROUP	18	= L1_METADATA_FILE	Beginning of the first-level Object Description Language (ODL) group; it indicates the start of the L1 MTL file level group.
GROUP	18	= METADATA_FILE_INFO	Beginning of the MTL file information group.
ORIGIN	47	= "Image courtesy of the U.S. Geological Survey"	Establishes the origin of the image from the USGS.
REQUEST_ID	19	USGS products use: = "NNNYYMMDDSSSS_UUUUU" format where: NNNYYMMDDSSSS = 13-digit Tracking, Routing, and Metrics (TRAM) order number NNN = Node indicator YY = Year MM = Month DD = Day SSSS = Sequence number for the day UUUUU = Five-digit TRAM unit number	Data producer-defined request number that uniquely identifies each product. USGS products use a unique product generation TRAM- generated request ID.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
LANDSAT_SCENE_ID	21	= "LMSPPPRRRYYYYDDDGSIVV" Where: L = Landsat M = MSS S = Satellite PPP = WRS path RRR = WRS row YYYY = Year of acquisition DDD = Day of acquisition year GSI = Ground Station Identifier VV = Version	Unique Landsat scene identifier. (Earth- imaging), orbital path/row
LANDSAT_PRODUCT_ID	40	= "LXSS_LLLL_PPPRRR_YYYYDDMM _yyyymmdd_CC_QQ" Where: L = Landsat X = Sensor SS = Satellite LLLL = Processing level PPP = WRS path RRR = WRS row YYYYMMDD = Acquisition year / month / day yyyymmdd = Processing year / month / day CC = Collection number QQ = Collection category	Unique Landsat product identifier. (Earth- imaging), orbital path/row
COLLECTION_NUMBER	2	= 0 to 99	Unique two digit identifier to denote the Collection Number.
FILE_DATE	20	= YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MI:SSZ Where: YYYY = Four-digit Julian year MM = Month of the Julian year (01- 12) DD = Day of the Julian month (01-31) T = Start of time information in ODL ASCII time code format HH = Hours (00-23) MI = Minutes (00-59) SS = Seconds (00-59) Z = Zulu time (same as GMT)	L1 system date and time when the metadata file for the L1 product set was created.
STATION_ID	3	= "NNN"	Unique three-letter code identifying the originating Ground Station.
PROCESSING_SOFTWARE_VE RSION	20	= "SYSTEM_VERSION" Where: SYSTEM = LPGS, Image Assessment System (IAS) VERSION = Version of software	Software name followed by version number(s) and separated by underscores. Example: LPGS_8.2.3
DATA_CATEGORY	11	= "NOMINAL" = "VALIDATION" = "EXCHANGE"	Current data category assigned to the data. Values:

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
		= "TEST" = "ENGINEERING"	NOMINAL = Nominal data that exists within expected, acceptable limits. VALIDATION = Validation data obtained from an International Ground Station (IGS) in order to validate that the IGS data are of equivalent quality to those that the USGS maintains. EXCHANGE = Exchange data (between an IGS and the USGS) that require a quarantine period and have been successfully validated to be of equivalent quality to the corresponding USGS data. TEST = Test data. ENGINEERING = Engineering data that typically results from an inclination change to the spacecraft or Delta I Maneuver. Refer to LSDS-293 Landsat Data Management Policy.
END_GROUP	18	= METADATA_FILE_INFO	End of the metadata information group.
GROUP	16	= PRODUCT_METADATA	Beginning of the product metadata group.
DATA_TYPE	20	= "L1TP" = "L1GS"	Identifier to inform the user of the data type.
DATA_TYPE_L0RP	20	= "MSSA_L0RP" = "MSSX_L0RP" = "MSSP_L0RP" = "MSSR_L0RP"	Data type identifier string used to create the L0Rp product.
ELEVATION_SOURCE	7	= "GLS2000" = "RAMP"	Digital elevation data set used to terrain-correct the product. Values: GLS2000 = Global Land Survey 2000. RAMP = Radarsat Antarctic Mapping Project.
OUTPUT_FORMAT	7	= "GEOTIFF"	Output format of the image.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			Values: GEOTIFF = Geographic Tagged Image File Format.
EPHEMERIS_TYPE	10	= "DEFINITIVE" = "PREDICTIVE"	Identifier to inform the user of the orbital ephemeris type used. If the field is not present, the user should assume PREDICTIVE in all cases.
SPACECRAFT_ID	9	= "LANDSAT_1" = "LANDSAT_2" = "LANDSAT_3" = "LANDSAT_4" = "LANDSAT_5"	Name of the satellite platform.
SENSOR_ID	8	= "MSS"	Name of the imaging sensor. MSS = Multispectral Scanner.
WRS_PATH	3	= NNN Where: NNN = Path number (001-251)	WRS-defined nominal Landsat satellite track (path). (orbital)
WRS_ROW	3	= NNN Where: NNN = Row of the first full or partial scene in the product (001-248)	WRS-defined nominal Landsat satellite row, based on the latitudinal center frame of a Landsat image. (orbital)
DATE_ACQUIRED	10	= YYYY-MM-DD	Date that this scene was imaged.
SCENE_CENTER_TIME	14	 "HH:MI:SS.SSSSSSZ" Where: HH = Hour (00-23) MI = Minutes SS.SSSSSSS = Fractional seconds Z = Constant (indicates "Zulu" time (same as Greenwich Mean Time (GMT))). 	Scene center time of the date the image was acquired.
CORNER_UL_LAT_PRODUCT	7	= -90.00000 through +90.00000 degrees. Positive (+) value indicates north latitude; negative (-) value indicates south latitude	Latitude value for the upper-left corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the L1GS product).
CORNER_UL_LON_PRODUCT	8	 = -180.00000 through +180.00000 degrees. Positive (+) value indicates east longitude; negative (-) value indicates west longitude 	Longitude value for the upper-left corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the L1GS product).
CORNER_UR_LAT_PRODUCT	7	= -90.00000 through +90.00000 degrees.	Latitude value for the upper-right corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the L1GS product).
CORNER_UR_LON_PRODUCT	8	= -180.00000 through +180.00000 degrees.	Longitude value for the upper-right corner of the product (the L1 systems

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			recalculate for the L1GS product).
CORNER_LL_LAT_PRODUCT	7	= -90.00000 through +90.00000 degrees.	Latitude value for the lower-left corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the L1GS product).
CORNER_LL_LON_PRODUCT	8	= -180.00000 through +180.00000 degrees.	Longitude value for the lower-left corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the L1GS product).
CORNER_LR_LAT_PRODUCT	7	= -90.00000 through +90.00000 degrees.	Latitude value for the lower-right corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the L1GS product).
CORNER_LR_LON_PRODUCT	8	= -180.00000 through +180.00000 degrees.	Longitude value for the lower-right corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the L1GS product).
CORNER_UL_PROJECTION_X_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection X coordinate for the upper-left corner of the product (the L1 systems calculated, L1GS only).
CORNER_UL_PROJECTION_Y_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection Y coordinate for the upper-left corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, L1GS only).
CORNER_UR_PROJECTION_X_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection X coordinate for the upper-right corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, L1GS only).
CORNER_UR_PROJECTION_Y_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection Y coordinate for the upper-right corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, L1GS only).
CORNER_LL_PROJECTION_X_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection X coordinate for the lower-left corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, L1GS only).
CORNER_LL_PROJECTION_Y_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection Y coordinate for the lower-left corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, L1GS only).
CORNER_LR_PROJECTION_X_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection X coordinate for the lower-right corner of the product (L1

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			systems calculated, L1GS only).
CORNER_LR_PROJECTION_Y_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection Y coordinate for the lower-right corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, L1GS only).
REFLECTIVE_LINES	5	= NNNNN	Number of product lines for the reflective bands.
REFLECTIVE_SAMPLES	5	= NNNNN	Number of product samples for the reflective bands.
FILE_NAME_BAND_1	256	= " <landsat_product_id>_B1.TIF "</landsat_product_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 1, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_2	256	= " <landsat_product_id>_B2.TIF "</landsat_product_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 2, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_3	256	= " <landsat_product_id>_B3.TIF "</landsat_product_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 3, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_4	256	= " <landsat_product_id>_B4.TIF "</landsat_product_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 4, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_5	256	= " <landsat_product_id>_B5.TIF "</landsat_product_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 5, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_6	256	= " <landsat_product_id>_B6.TIF "</landsat_product_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 6, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_7	256	= " <landsat_product_id>_B7.TIF "</landsat_product_id>	L1-generated external element file name for band 7, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_QUALITY	256	= " <landsat_product_id>_BQA.T IF"</landsat_product_id>	L1-generated external element file name for the QA band.
PRESENT_BAND_1	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "M" (Missing) = "U" (Unknown)	Presence of Band 1. Values: Y = Band 1 is present. N = Band 1 is not present and is not expected. M = Band 1 is missing (expected but not there). U = Band 1 presence is unknown (expected but insufficient information).

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
PRESENT_BAND_2	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "M" (Missing) = "U" (Unknown)	Presence of Band 2. Values: Y = Band 2 is present. N = Band 2 is not present and is not expected. M = Band 2 is missing (expected but not there). U = Band 2 presence is unknown (expected but insufficient information).
PRESENT_BAND_3	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "M" (Missing) = "U" (Unknown)	Presence of Band 3. Values: Y = Band 3 is present. N = Band 3 is not present and is not expected. M = Band 3 is missing (expected but not there). U = Band 3 presence is unknown (expected but insufficient information).
PRESENT_BAND_4	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "M" (Missing) = "U" (Unknown)	Presence of Band 4. Values: Y = Band 4 is present. N = Band 4 is not present and is not expected. M = Band 4 is missing (expected but not there). U = Band 4 presence is unknown (expected but insufficient information).
PRESENT_BAND_5	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "M" (Missing) = "U" (Unknown)	Presence of Band 5. Values: Y = Band 5 is present. N = Band 5 is not present and is not expected. M = Band 5 is missing (expected but not there). U = Band 5 presence is unknown (expected but insufficient information).
PRESENT_BAND_6	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "M" (Missing) = "U" (Unknown)	Presence of Band 6. Values: Y = Band 6 is present. N = Band 6 is not present and is not expected. M = Band 6 is missing (expected but not there). U = Band 6 presence is unknown (expected but insufficient information).
PRESENT_BAND_7	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "M" (Missing)	Presence of Band 7. Values: Y = Band 7 is present. N = Band 7 is

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
		= "U" (Unknown)	not present and is not expected. M = Band 7 is missing (expected but not there). U = Band 7 presence is unknown (expected but insufficient information).
GROUND_CONTROL_POINT_FI LE_NAME	256	= " <landsat_product_id>_GCP.t xt"</landsat_product_id>	L1-generated external element file name for the GCP, if part of the product.
REPORT_VERIFY_FILE_NAME	256	= " <landsat_product_id>_VER.tx t"</landsat_product_id>	L1-generated external element file name where information from scoring geometric verification is located, if part of the product.
BROWSE_VERIFY_FILE_NAME	256	= " <landsat_product_id>_VER.jp g"</landsat_product_id>	L1-generated external element file name for the Three Band Browse file (JPEG file), if part of the product.
METADATA_ FILE_NAME	256	= " <landsat_product_id>_MTL.tx t"</landsat_product_id>	Name of the metadata file.
CPF_NAME	256	= LXSSCPF_YYYYMMDD_yyyymmdd_ CC.NNwhere: L = Landsat X= Instrument SS= Satellite (03 for Landsat 3) CPF= 3 letter CPF designator YYYYMMDD = Effective Starting Yyyymmdd = Effective Ending Date CC= Collection Number (e.g., 02) NN= Version Number for this file (Starts with 00)	Archive-generated external element file name for the IAS CPF.
END_GROUP	16	=PRODUCT_METADATA	End of the product metadata group.
GROUP	17	= IMAGE_ATTRIBUTES	Beginning of the image attributes group.
CLOUD_COVER	5	= 0.00-100.00, -1	Automated cloud cover (percent) on a WRS L1 scene. Values: -1 = Cloud cover not calculated or assessed.
CLOUD_COVER_LAND	5	= 0.00-100.00, -1	Cloud coverage over land (percent) assigned to a WRS scene.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			Values: -1 = Cloud cover land not calculated or assessed.
IMAGE_QUALITY	1	= 0-9, -1	Composite image quality for the bands. Values: 9 = Best. 0 = Worst. -1 = Image quality not calculated or assessed.
SUN_AZIMUTH	11	 = -180.00000000 through 180.00000000 degrees. A positive value indicates angles to the east or clockwise from the north. A negative value (-) indicates angles to the west or counterclockwise from the north. Leading zeros are not required. 	Sun azimuth angle in degrees for the image center location at the image center acquisition time.
SUN_ELEVATION	10	 = -90.00000000 through 90.00000000 degrees. A positive value indicates a daytime scene. A negative value (-) indicates a nighttime scene. Leading zeros are not required. 	Sun elevation angle in degrees for the image center location at the image center acquisition time.
EARTH_SUN_DISTANCE		= N.NNNNNN	Measurement (astronomical unit) of the earth to sun distance at the particular day and time of imagery acquisition.
SATURATION_BAND_1	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "U" (Unknown)	Y = Band contains saturation. N = Band does not contain any saturation.
SATURATION_BAND_2	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "U" (Unknown)	Y = Band contains saturation. N = Band does not contain any saturation.
SATURATION_BAND_3	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "U" (Unknown)	Y = Band contains saturation. N = Band does not contain any saturation.
SATURATION_BAND_4	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "U" (Unknown)	Y = Band contains saturation. N = Band does not contain any saturation.
SATURATION_BAND_5	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "U" (Unknown)	Y = Band contains saturation. N = Band does not contain any saturation.
SATURATION_BAND_6	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "U" (Unknown)	Y = Band contains saturation. N = Band

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			does not contain any
			saturation.
SATURATION_BAND_7	1	= "Y" (Yes)	Y = Band contains
		= "N" (No)	saturation. N = Band
		= "U" (Unknown)	does not contain any
			saturation.
GROUND_CONTROL_POINTS_	3	= 0 - 999	GCP version used for
VERSION			processing.
GROUND_CONTROL_POINTS_	3	= 1 - 999	Number of GCPs used in
MODEL			the precision correction
			process.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_MODEL	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	Combined Root Mean
			Square Error (RMSE) of
			the geometric residuals
			(meters) in both across-
			track and along-track
			directions measured on
			the GCPs used in
			geometric precision
			correction.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_MODEL_Y	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric
			residuals (meters)
			measured on the GCPs
			used in geometric
			precision correction.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_MODEL_X	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric
			residuals (meters)
			measured on the GCPs
			used in geometric
			precision correction.
GROUND_CONTROL_POINTS_	4	= 1 - 9999	Number of GCPs used in
VERIFY			the verification of the
			terrain corrected product.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_VERIFY	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric
			residuals (pixels) in both
			line and sample
			directions measured on
			the terrain-corrected
			product independently using GLS2000.
GEOMETRIC RMSE VERIFY Q	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric
UAD_UL		= 0.000 - 9999.999	residuals (pixels) for the
UAD_UL			upper-left quadrant in
			both line and sample
			directions measured on
			the terrain-corrected
			product independently
			using GLS2000.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_VERIFY_Q	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric
UAD_UR	'	- 0.000 0000.000	residuals (pixels) for the
			upper-right quadrant in
			both line and sample
			directions measured on
l	L	1	

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			the terrain-corrected product independently using GLS2000.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_VERIFY_Q UAD_LL	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric residuals (pixels) for the lower-left quadrant in both line and sample directions measured on the terrain-corrected product independently using GLS2000.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_VERIFY_Q UAD_LR	7	= 0.000 – 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric residuals (pixels) for the lower-right quadrant in both line and sample directions measured on the terrain-corrected product independently using GLS2000.
END_GROUP	17	= IMAGE_ATTRIBUTES	End of the image attributes group.
GROUP	16	= MIN_MAX_RADIANCE	Beginning of the minimum / maximum radiance group.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAND_1	6	= 0.000 – 999.999, "NULL"	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 1, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_B AND_1. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 1 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAND_1	6	= -999.999 through 999.999, "NULL"	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 1, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_B AND_1. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 1 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAND_2	6	= 0.000 – 999.999, "NULL"	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 2, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_B AND_2. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 2 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAND_2	6	= -999.999 through 999.999, "NULL"	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 2, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_B AND_2. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 2 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAND_3	6	= 0.000 – 999.999, "NULL"	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 3, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_B AND_3. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 3 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAND_3	6	= -999.999 through 999.999, "NULL"	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 3, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_B AND_3. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 3 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAND_4	6	= 0.000 – 999.999, "NULL"	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 4, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_B AND_4. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 4 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAND_4	6	= -999.999 through 999.999, "NULL"	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 4, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_B AND_4. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 4 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAND_5	6	= 0.000 – 999.999, "NULL"	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 5, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_B AND_5. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 5 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAND_5	6	= -999.999 through 999.999, "NULL"	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 5, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_B AND_5. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 5 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAND_6	6	= 0.000 – 999.999, "NULL"	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 6, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_B AND_6. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 6 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAND_6	6	= -999.999 through 999.999, "NULL"	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 6, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_B AND_6. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 6 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAND_7	6	= 0.000 – 999.999, "NULL"	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 7, if part of the

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_B AND_7. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 7 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAND_7	6	= -999.999 through 999.999, "NULL"	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 7, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_B AND_7. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 7 is missing or unknown.
END_GROUP	16	= MIN_MAX_RADIANCE	End of the minimum / maximum radiance group.
GROUP	16	= MIN_MAX_REFLECTANCE	Beginning of the minimum / maximum reflectance group.
REFLECTANCE_MAXIMUM_BA ND_1	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Maximum achievable reflectance value for Band 1. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 1 is missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MINIMUM_BAN D_1	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Minimum achievable reflectance value for Band 1. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 1 is missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MAXIMUM_BA ND_2	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Maximum achievable reflectance value for Band 2. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 2 is missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MINIMUM_BAN D_2	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Minimum achievable reflectance value for Band 2. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 2 is missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MAXIMUM_BA ND_3	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Maximum achievable reflectance value for Band 3. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 3 is missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MINIMUM_BAN D_3	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Minimum achievable reflectance value for Band 3. A "NULL" value

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			indicates that Band 3 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MAXIMUM_BA	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Maximum achievable
ND_4			reflectance value for
			Band 4. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 4 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MINIMUM_BAN	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Minimum achievable
D_4			reflectance value for
			Band 4. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 4 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MAXIMUM_BA	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Maximum achievable
ND_5			reflectance value for
			Band 5. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 5 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MINIMUM_BAN	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Minimum achievable
D_5			reflectance value for
			Band 5. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 5 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MAXIMUM_BA	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Maximum achievable
ND_6			reflectance value for
			Band 6. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 6 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MINIMUM_BAN	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Minimum achievable
D_6			reflectance value for
			Band 6. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 6 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MAXIMUM_BA	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Maximum achievable
ND_7			reflectance value for
			Band 7. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 7 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MINIMUM_BAN	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Minimum achievable
D_7			reflectance value for
			Band 7. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 7 is
			missing or unknown.
END_GROUP	16	= MIN_MAX_REFLECTANCE	End of the minimum /
			maximum reflectance
			group.
GROUP	19	= MIN_MAX_PIXEL_VALUE	Beginning of the
			minimum / maximum
			pixel value group.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAND_1	3	= 0 – 255, "NULL"	Maximum possible pixel
			value for Band 1, if part of
			the product (Digital
			Number (DN)). A "NULL"

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			value indicates that Band
			1 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAND_1	1	= 0 – 1, "NULL"	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 1, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates
			that Band 1 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAND_2	3	= 0 – 255, "NULL"	Maximum possible pixel
			value for Band 2, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 2 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAND_2	1	= 0 – 1, "NULL"	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 2, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 2 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAND_3	3	= 0 – 255, "NULL"	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 3, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 3 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAND_3	1	= 0 – 1, "NULL"	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 3, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 3 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAND_4	3	= 0 – 255, "NULL"	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 4, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 4 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAND_4	1	= 0 – 1, "NULL"	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 4, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 4 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAND_5	3	= 0 – 255, "NULL"	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 5, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 5 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAND_5	1	= 0 – 1, "NULL"	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 5, if part of the product (DN). A

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			"NULL" value indicates that Band 5 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAND_6	3	= 0 – 255, "NULL"	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 6, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 6 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAND_6	1	= 0 – 1, "NULL"	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 6, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 6 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAND_7	3	= 0 – 255, "NULL"	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 7, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 7 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAND_7	1	= 0 – 1, "NULL"	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 7, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 7 is missing or unknown.
END_GROUP	19	= MIN_MAX_PIXEL_VALUE	End of the minimum / maximum pixel value group.
GROUP	18	= PRODUCT_PARAMETERS	Beginning of the product parameters group (both L1TP and L1GS products).
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND_1	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains) = "NA" (band missing or unknown)	Correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 1, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND_2	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains) = "NA" (band missing or unknown)	Correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 2, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND_3	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains) = "NA" (band missing or unknown)	Correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 3, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND_4	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains) = "NA" (band missing or unknown)	Correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 4, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND_5	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains)	Correction method used by L1 in creating the

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
		= "NA" (band missing or unknown)	image for Band 5, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND_6	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains) = "NA" (band missing or unknown)	Correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 6, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND_7	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains) = "NA" (band missing or unknown)	Correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 7, if part of the product.
GAIN_BAND_1	1	 "H" (Band was acquired in high gain mode), "L" (Band was acquired in low gain mode), "U" (Unknown) 	Band gain state of Band 1 detected at the start of a WRS scene.
GAIN_BAND_2	1	 "H" (Band was acquired in high gain mode), "L" (Band was acquired in low gain mode), "U" (Unknown) 	Band gain state of Band 2 detected at the start of a WRS scene.
GAIN_BAND_3	1	 "H" (Band was acquired in high gain mode), "L" (Band was acquired in low gain mode), "U" (Unknown) 	Band gain state of Band 3 detected at the start of a WRS scene.
GAIN_BAND_4	1	 = "H" (Band was acquired in high gain mode), = "L" (Band was acquired in low gain mode), = "U" (Unknown) 	Band gain state of Band 4 detected at the start of a WRS scene.
GAIN_BAND_5	1	 "H" (Band was acquired in high gain mode), "L" (Band was acquired in low gain mode), "U" (Unknown) 	Band gain state of Band 5 detected at the start of a WRS scene.
GAIN_BAND_6	1	 "H" (Band was acquired in high gain mode), "L" (Band was acquired in low gain mode), "U" (Unknown) 	Band gain state of Band 6 detected at the start of a WRS scene.
GAIN_BAND_7	1	 "H" (Band was acquired in high gain mode), "L" (Band was acquired in low gain mode), "U" (Unknown) 	Band gain state of Band 7 detected at the start of a WRS scene.
END_GROUP	18	= PRODUCT_PARAMETERS	End of the product parameters group.
GROUP	21	= RADIOMETRIC_RESCALING	Beginning of the radiometric rescaling parameters group.
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_1	9	= N.NNNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			calibrated digital numbers to radiance units for Band 1 (w/(m^2 sr micron) / DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 1 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_2	9	= N.NNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units for Band 2 (w/(m^2 sr micron) / DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 2 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_3	9	= N.NNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units for Band 3 (w/(m^2 sr micron) / DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 3 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_4	9	= N.NNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units for Band 4 (w/(m^2 sr micron) / DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 4 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_5	9	= N.NNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units for Band 5 (w/(m^2 sr micron) / DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 5 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_6	9	= N.NNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units for Band 6 (w/(m^2 sr micron) / DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 6 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_7	9	= N.NNNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units for Band 7 (w/(m^2 sr micron) / DN). A "NULL" value

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			indicates that Band 7 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_1	9	= -9999.99999 through +9999.99999, "NULL"	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 1). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 1 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_2	9	= -9999.99999 through +9999.99999, "NULL"	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 2). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 2 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_3	9	= -9999.99999 through +9999.99999, "NULL"	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 3). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 3 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_4	9	= -9999.99999 through +9999.99999, "NULL	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 4). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 4 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_5	9	= -9999.99999 through +9999.99999, "NULL"	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 5). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 5 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_6	9	= -9999.99999 through +9999.99999, "NULL"	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 6). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 6 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_7	9	= -9999.99999 through +9999.99999, "NULL"	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 7). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 7 is missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MULT_BAND_1	9	= N.NNNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 1 (DN ⁻¹).
REFLECTANCE_MULT_BAND_2	9	= N.NNNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 2 (DN ⁻¹).
REFLECTANCE_MULT_BAND_3	9	= N.NNNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 3 (DN ⁻¹).
REFLECTANCE_MULT_BAND_4	9	= N.NNNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 4 (DN ⁻¹).
REFLECTANCE_MULT_BAND_5	9	= N.NNNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 5 (DN ⁻¹).
REFLECTANCE_MULT_BAND_6	9	= N.NNNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 6 (DN ⁻¹).
REFLECTANCE_MULT_BAND_7	9	= N.NNNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 7 (DN ⁻¹).
REFLECTANCE_ADD_BAND_1	9	-9.9999999 through +9.9999999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 1.
REFLECTANCE_ADD_BAND_2	9	-9.9999999 through +9.9999999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 2.
REFLECTANCE_ADD_BAND_3	9	-9.999999 through +9.999999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 3.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
REFLECTANCE_ADD_BAND_4	9	-9.999999 through +9.999999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 4.
REFLECTANCE_ADD_BAND_5	9	-9.999999 through +9.999999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 5.
REFLECTANCE_ADD_BAND_6	9	-9.999999 through +9.999999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 6.
REFLECTANCE_ADD_BAND_7	9	-9.999999 through +9.999999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 7.
END_GROUP	21	= RADIOMETRIC_RESCALING	End of the radiometric rescaling parameters group.
GROUP	21	= PROJECTION_PARAMETERS	Beginning of the projection parameters group.
MAP_PROJECTION	3	= "PS" (Polar Stereographic) = "UTM" (Universal Transverse Mercator)	L1 map projection applied to this data. Used for processed archive data.
DATUM	5	= "WGS84"	Datum used in creating the image.
ELLIPSOID	5	= "WGS84"	Ellipsoid used in creating the image.
UTM_ZONE	2	= 1 to 60 or -1 to -60	Value used to indicate the zone number. Only present when MAP_PROJECTION is UTM.
VERTICAL_LON_FROM_POLE	8	= -180.00000 through +180.00000	Vertical longitude (decimal degrees) from the pole. Only present when MAP_Projection is PS.
TRUE_SCALE_LAT	7	= -90.00000 through +90.00000	Latitude of true scale in a map projection. Only present when MAP_Projection is PS.
FALSE_EASTING	9	= -200000000 through +200000000	Value added to all "x" values in the rectangular coordinates for a map projection. Frequently assigned to eliminate negative numbers. Expressed in the unit of measure identified in the ProjLinearUnitsGeoKey.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			Only present when MAP_Projection is PS.
FALSE_NORTHING	9	= -200000000 through +200000000	Value added to all "y" values in the rectangular coordinates for a map projection. Frequently assigned to eliminate negative numbers. Expressed in the unit of measure identified in the ProjLinearUnitsGeoKey. Only present when MAP_Projection is PS.
GRID_CELL_SIZE_REFLECTIVE	5	= 0.00 - 120.00	Grid cell size used in creating the image for the reflective band.
ORIENTATION	10	= "NORTH_UP"	Orientation used in creating the image.
RESAMPLING_OPTION	28	= "CUBIC_CONVOLUTION"	Resampling option used in creating the image.
MAP_PROJECTION_LORA	3	 "PS" (Polar Stereographic) "UTM" (Universal Transverse Mercator) "HOM" (Hotine Oblique Mercator) "SOM" (Space Oblique Mercator) "NA" (Not applicable) 	L0Ra map projection selectively applied to High Density Tapes (HDTs) based on geographic location. Used for processed archive data.
END_GROUP	21	= PROJECTION_PARAMETERS	End of projection parameters group.
END_GROUP	16	L1_METADATA_FILE	End of the L1 MTL file parameters.
END			Required standalone parameter signifying the file end.

Table 3-3. MSS L1 Metadata Contents

3.1.4 Ground Control Point (GCP) File

The GCP file included with an L1TP product is written in ASCII format and contains a header followed by records, one on each line. Each record corresponds to a single GCP. Each record has eight column headings and looks similar to Table 3-4.

Sat. Jan. 2	25, 2014	LANDSAT	r 5	Tim	e: 03:23		
		Image Assessr GCP Residua					
		GCP RESIDUA	ai keport				
WOID: 19858	339	Path/Row: 02	27 / 036				
	nce Image: L51 n Date: Jan 03	XXX11130030001 , 2013	101_HDF.1402	50918			
Band Number	:: 2						
	or each WRS-2	path/row used:	:				
Path Row	Date						
026 035	2000-08-28						
	2000-09-29						
	2000-09-29						
	1999-08-17 1999-08-17						
	2001-04-16						
	2001-04-18						
028 036	2000-05-22						
000	2000 00 22						
Point_ID	Latitude	Longitude	Height	Across			Residual
				Scan	Scan		
					Residual		
	(deg)	(deg)	(meters)	(meters)	(meters)	(meters)	(meters)
02 603 5003 6	01 35.32001	5 -95.433774	155.267	0.000	0.000	-35.624	-3.935
02 603 5005 4	01 35.31837	3 -95.461440	157.033	0.000	0.000	-18.643	0.889
0260350059		9 -95.824250	158.797	0.000	0.000	-6.377	-24.224
02 603 5007 4		2 -95.727430	164.982	0.000	0.000	4.320	-10.401
0260350083		1 -95.861309				-2.719	
02 603 6000 6		5 -95.433765	152.015	0.000	0.000	-5.291	2.318
02 603 6001 9		3 -95.535646					
02 603 6002 1	01 33.99934	8 -95.931886	150.774	0.000	0.000	18.208	26.530
1							

Table 3-4. Example GCP Output File

3.1.5 Verify File

The Geometric Verification Statistics file included with an L1TP product is written in ASCII format and contains a header followed by records, one on each line. Each record has seven column headings and looks similar to Table 3-5. Each record corresponds to a single GCP marked with a colored dot in the Three Band Verification Browse Image. The contents of the verify file look similar to Table 3-5.

```
Example Verify Output File
Thu. Nov. 1 2012
                       LANDSAT 5
                                             Time: 16:58
                    Image Assessment System
                   GEOMETRIC VERIFY Report
_____
Order ID: 0101210315929_00002
                                       Path / Row - 15 / 41
Reference Image: L51AAA1188075150100_HDF.L
Color mapping per rank
------
Rank 1 is Green: total residual <= 0.5
Rank 2 is Cyan: 0.5 < total residual <= 1
Rank 3 is Blue: 1 < total residual <= 2
Rank 4 is Yellow: 2 < total residual <= 3
Rank 5 is Red: 3 < total residual
Percentage of residuals by rank
```

- 1 -	=1 <0					
	51.6%					
	48.4%					
	0.0%					
	0.0%					
Rank 5	0.0%					
GCP	Latitude	Longitude	Sample	Line	Total	Rank
ID			Residual	Residual	Residual	
	(Degree)	(Degree)	(Pixel)	(Pixel)	(Pixel)	
0150410091	28.32760	-80.69813	0.47	0.47	0.66	2
0150410092	28.32753	-80.66692	0.63	0.33	0.71	2
0150410093	28.32745	-80.63570	0.41	0.01	0.41	1
0150410167	28.30315	-80.66699	0.62	0.29	0.68	2
0150410168	28.30307	-80.63578	0.19	0.08	0.21	1
0150410169	28.30299	-80.60458	0.15	-0.36	0.39	1
0150410242	28.27878	-80.66707			0.40	1
0150410244	28.27861	-80.60467	0.77	-0.43	0.88	2
0150410319	28.25424	-80.60476	0.16	-0.14	0.21	1
0150410392	28.23004	-80.66722	0.27	0.29	0.40	1
0150410394	28.22987	-80.60484	0.31	-0.11	0.32	1
0150410467	28.20566	-80.66730				1
0150410468	28.20558	-80.63612	0.16	0.02	0.16	1
0150410469	28.20550	-80.60493	0.23	-0.11	0.26	1
0150410617	28.15692	-80.66745	0.20	0.18	0.27	1
0150410619	28.15675	-80.60511	0.34	-0.13	0.37	1
0150410693	28.13247	-80.63636		0.12	0.13	1
0150410694	28.13238	-80.60520	0.01	0.18	0.18	1
0150410766	28.10825	-80.69875	0.06	0.12	0.14	1
0150410843	28.08372	-80.63653	-0.36	0.01	0.36	1
			==========			=====

Table 3-5. Example Verify File

Section 4 Product Packaging

L1 products are available for distribution via HTTPS download. The following sections provide information on each distribution method for the available L1 product formats.

4.1 Electronic Transfer

Products available via electronic transfer also include the L1 volume descriptor (readme file) with the same file names as listed. When data are packaged and ready for distribution, they are stored in directories on the production online cache for retrieval.

The LPGS GZips (compression) all standard products for distribution. Each individual file within the scene is GZipped.

Section 5 Software Tools

5.1 ODL Parser

The University of Colorado's Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics (LASP) originally implemented the ODL parser (Version 1.0) incorporated into the Science Data Processing (SDP) Toolkit. The Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL) enhanced the ODL parser in building their Planetary Data System. IAS modified this enhanced version, available at https://pds.nasa.gov/tools/. LPGS uses this IAS-modified version.

The IAS-modified version should be particularly useful to those operating in a non-HDF-Earth Observing System (EOS) environment. The software stands alone and reads the L0Rp or L1 metadata external elements and the CPF.

Appendix A **Projection Parameters**

This appendix contains the map projection parameters used in the L1 output products and the USGS projection parameters.

Project Name	Mnemonic
Polar Stereographic	PS
Universal Transverse Mercator	UTM

Projection	Array Element									
Name	1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8								
Mnemonic										
PS	SMajor	SMinor			LongPol	TrueScale	FE	FN		
UTM	Lon/Z	Lat/Z								

Table A-1. L1 Output Product Projection Parameters

 Table A-2. USGS Projection Parameters – Projection Transformation Package

 Projection Parameters (Elements 1-8)

Projection		Array Element							
Name Mnemonic	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
PS									
UTM									

Table A-3. USGS Projection Parameters - Projection Transformation PackageProjection Parameters (Elements 9-15)

Where	Lon/Z	=	Longitude of any point in the UTM zone or zero
VIICIC	Lat/Z	=	Latitude of any point in the UTM zone or zero
	SMajor	=	Semi-major axis of the ellipsoid. If zero, Clarke 1866 in meters is assumed.
	SMinor	=	Eccentricity squared of the ellipsoid if less than zero. If zero, a spherical form is
	Sivillio	=	assumed. If greater than zero, the semi-major axis of the ellipsoid.
	Sphere	=	Radius of the reference sphere. If zero, 6370997 meters is used.
	Stdpar	=	Latitude of the standard parallel
	Stdpr1		Latitude of the first standard parallel
		=	
	Stdpr2	=	Latitude of the second standard parallel
	CentMer	=	Longitude of the central meridian
	OriginLat	=	Latitude of the projection origin
	FE	=	False easting in the same units as the semi-major axis
	FN	=	False northing in the same units as the semi-major axis
	LongPol	=	Longitude below the pole of the map
	TrueScale	=	Latitude of the true scale
	Factor	=	Scale factor at the central meridian (TM) or center of projection (Oblique Mercator
			Type A (OMA) / Oblique Mercator Type B (OMB))
	CentLon	=	Longitude of the center of projection
	CenterLat	=	Latitude of the center of projection
	Height	=	Height of the perspective point
	Long1	=	Longitude of the first point on the center line
	Long2	=	Longitude of the second point on the center line
	Lat1	=	Latitude of the first point on the center line
	Lat2	=	Latitude of the second point on the center line
	AziAng	=	Azimuth angle east of north of the center line
	AzmthPt	=	Longitude of point on the central meridian where azimuth occurs
	Satnum	=	Landsat satellite number
	Path	=	Landsat path number (use WRS-1 for Landsat 1, 2, and 3, and WRS-2 for Landsat
		1	4, 5, and 7)
	Shapem	=	Oval shape parameter m
	Shapen	=	Oval shape parameter n
	Angle	=	Oval rotation angle

Table A-4. USGS Projection Parameters Key

Note: All array elements with blank fields are set to zero. All angles (latitudes, longitudes, azimuths, etc.) are entered in a degrees / minutes / seconds (DDDMMMSSS.SS) format.

References

Please see <u>https://landsat.usgs.gov/glossary-and-acronyms</u> for a list of acronyms.

USGS/EROS. LSDS-52. Landsat 1-5 Multispectral Scanner (MSS) Calibration Parameter File (CPF) Definition Document.

USGS/EROS. LSDS-285. Landsat Multispectral Scanner (MSS) Level 0 Reformatted Product (L0Rp) Data Format Control Book (DFCB).

USGS/EROS. LSDS-293. Landsat Data Management Policy.

USGS/EROS. LSDS-524. Landsat Metadata Description Document (LMDD).

505-10-36. Earth Science Data and Information System (ESDIS) Project Mission Specific Requirements for the Landsat 7 Mission L1 Processing. November 1998.

GeoTIFF Specification. Revision 1.0. (http://web.archive.org/web/20160403164508/http://www.remotesensing.org/geotiff/spec/geotiffhome.html).

JPL D-7669, Part 2, Planetary Data System Standards Reference, Object Description Language Specification and Usage. Version 3.7. March 2006.